

Figure captions

Figure 1. Effects of power and affiliation motivation on attentional orienting to male anger faces presented for short (12 ms) or long (averaged across 116 ms and 231 ms conditions) exposure durations (Study 1). Positive bias scores reflect attentional orienting to emotional face, negative bias scores reflect attentional orienting to neutral face.

Figure 2. Conjoint effect of power motivation, face gender, and exposure duration on attentional orienting to surprise faces (Study 1). Positive bias scores reflect attentional orienting to emotional face, negative bias scores reflect attentional orienting to neutral face.

Figure 3. Effect of affiliation motivation on attentional orienting to joy faces (Study 1). Positive bias scores reflect attentional orienting to emotional face, negative bias scores reflect attentional orienting to neutral face.

Figure 4. Effects of power motivation (left panel) and affiliation motivation (right panel) on attentional orienting to joy, anger, and surprise faces (Study 2). Positive bias scores reflect attentional orienting to emotional face, negative bias scores reflect attentional orienting to neutral face.

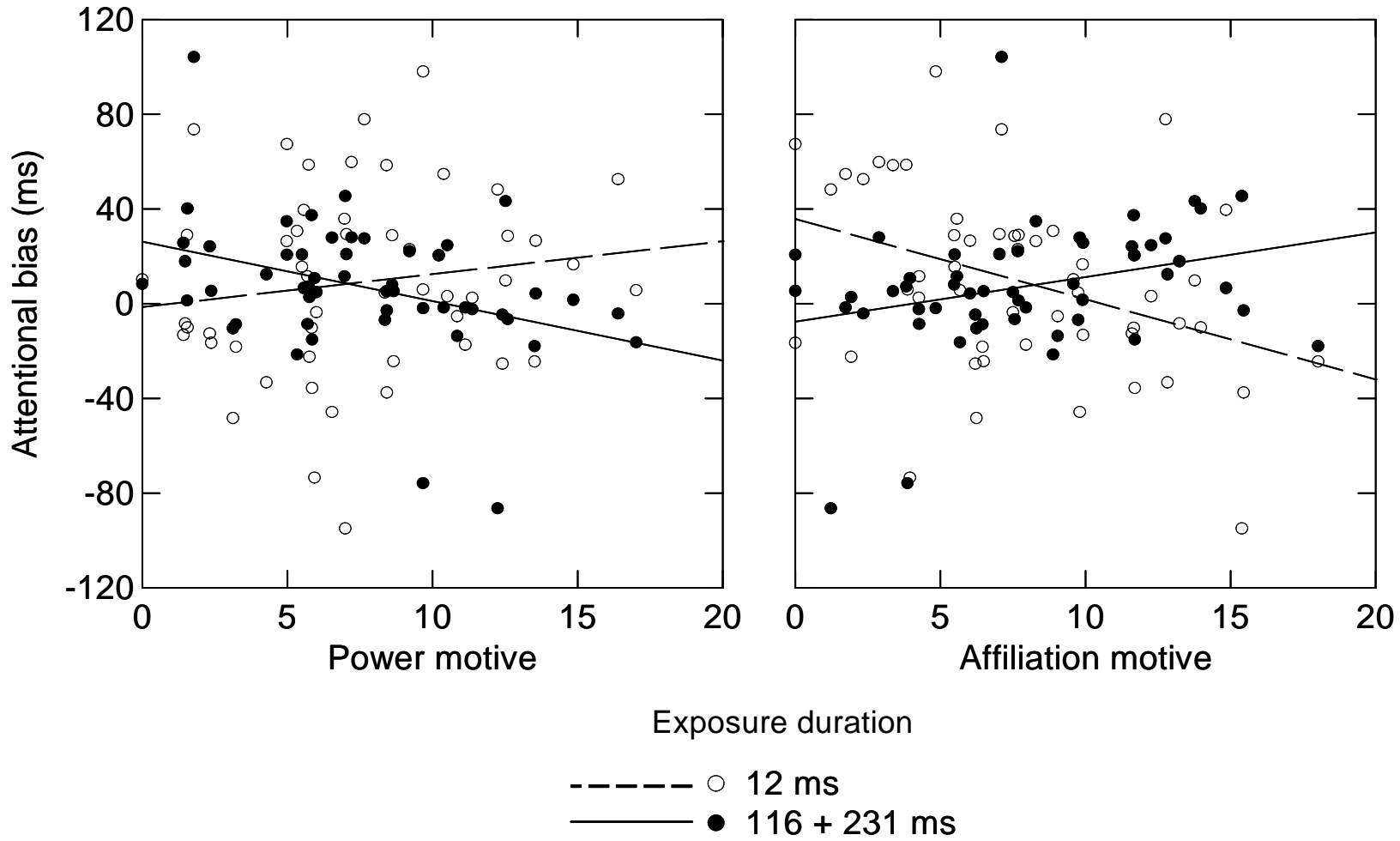


Figure 1

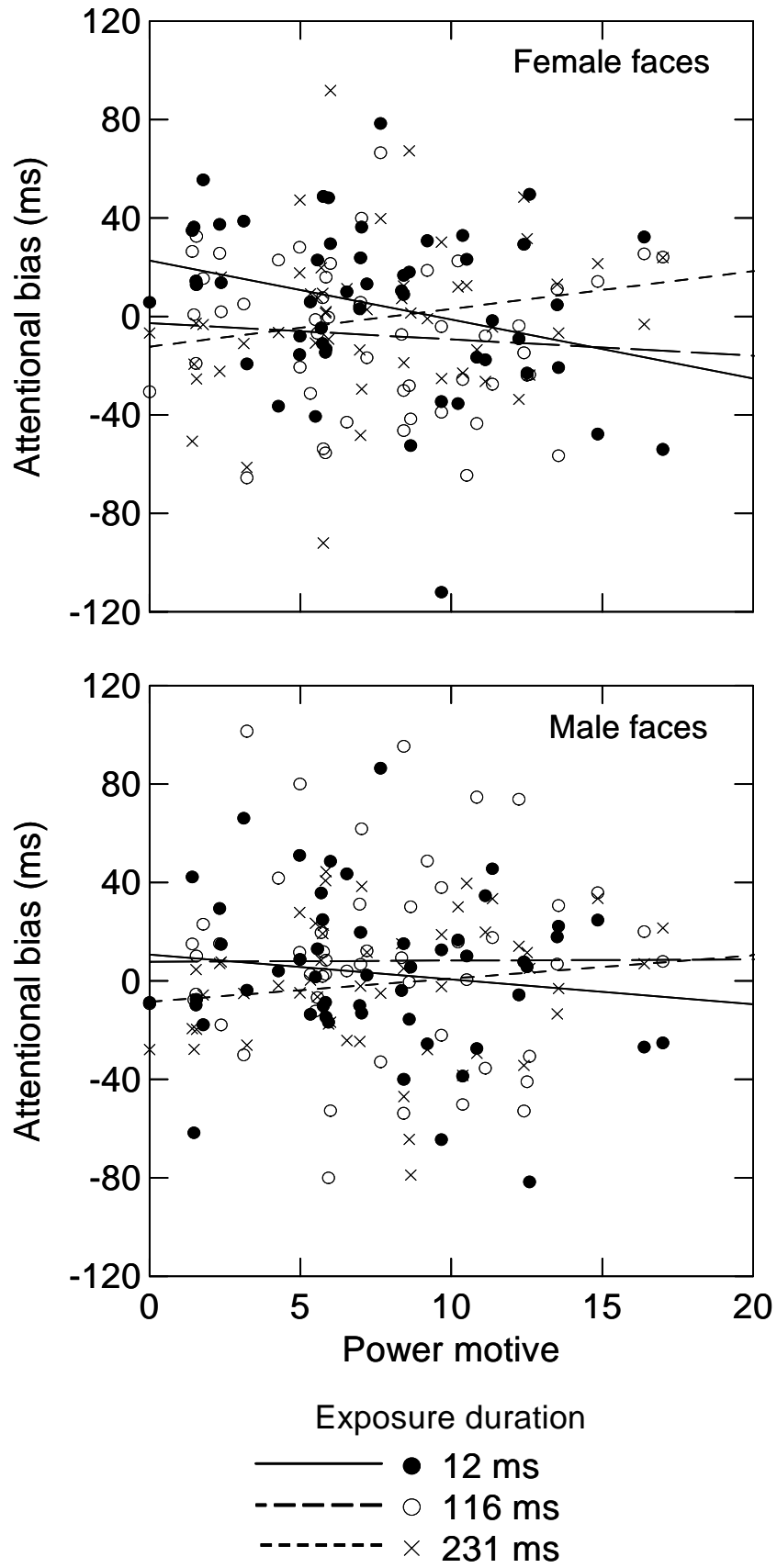


Figure 2

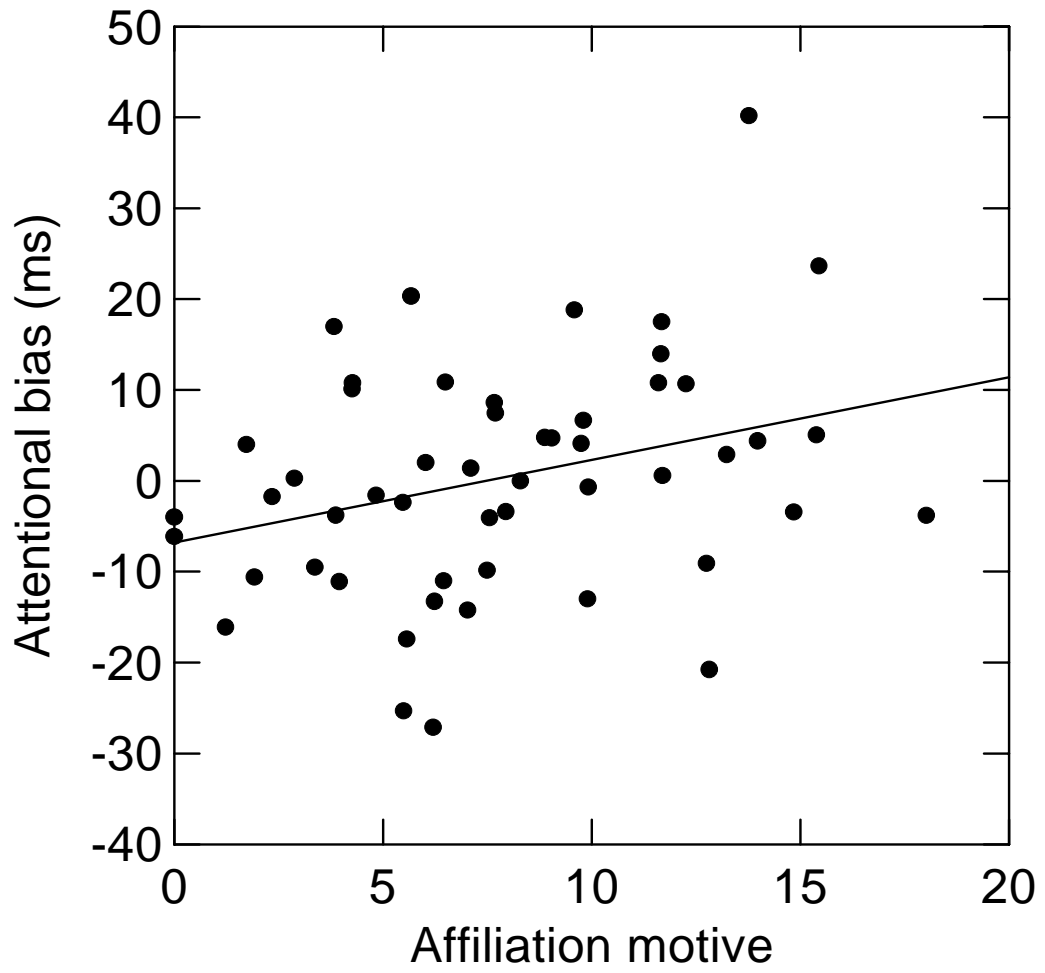


Figure 3

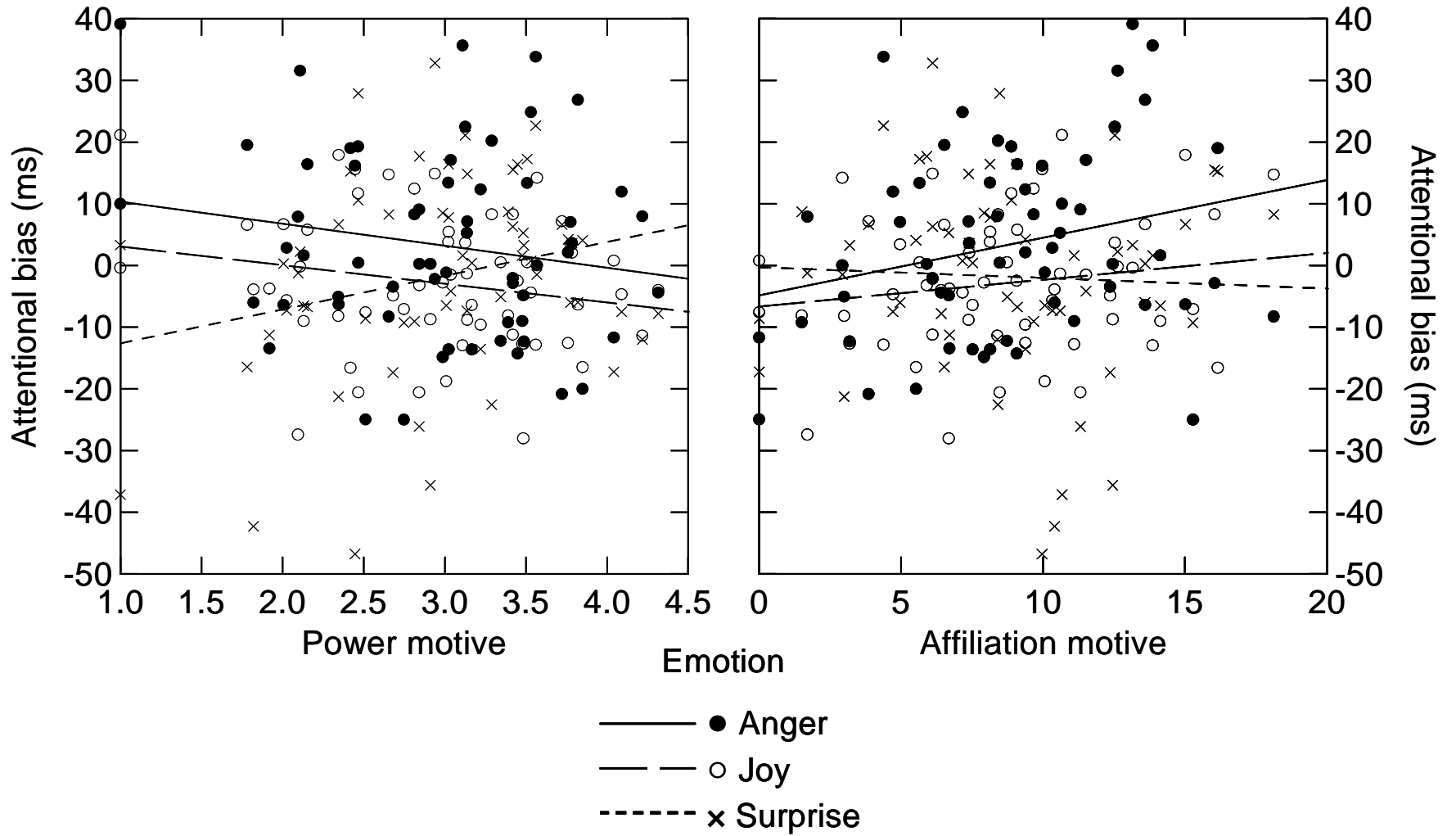


Figure 4